

الجُمْهُورِيَّة الجَزَ ائِرِيَّة الدِّيمُقْرَاطِيَّة الشَّعْبِيَّة وَزَارَةُ التَّرْبِيَةِ الوَطَنِيَّة مُدِيرِيَّةُ التَّرْبِيَة - الجَزَ ائِروَسَط -مَدْرَسَةُ"الرَّجَاءِ وَالتَّقُوُّق"الخَاصَّة - بُوزَرِّ عَة -



ÉCOLÉ PRIVÉE التّاريخ: 2202/05/22

المادّة: الانجليزية

المدّة: 02 سـا

اختبارات الفصل الثَّالث

المستوى: 2ع ت - 2ت إ

Part one: Reading

Read the text then do the following activities

TSUNAMI IN THE NEWS

The natural phenomenon of tsunami was little known before <u>it</u> had hit the south-East Asian shores on December 26, 2004. Since then, "Tsunami" has become one of the most popular Japanese word. Thousand of TV channels covered for more than a disaster that it had caused. It had made more than one hundred thousand victims. It had left thousands of others homeless and had wiped out the Industrial infrastructure of many towns.

It was not the first time that a Tsunami had hit this region. Indeed, twenty years earlier than the 2004 Tsunami, a similar natural catastrophe had occurred along the Chinese coast. But people across the world had not heard about it at the time. **They** had not seen on TV extent of the damage that such a natural disaster could cause then.

The reason why the 2004 Tsunami was given such wide publicity was due to the fact that its victims did not belong to one nationality, or an ethnic group of religion. It didn't distinguish between the poor and the rich, the old and the young. This time the Tsunami had not chosen its victims "beforehand". The dead, the injured and the homeless had no nationality in this tragedy. Thus, when the Tsunami had recessed, the reaction was universal.

TV channels from different countries did not wait until the countries hit by the Tsunami had announced the death to send their reporters. As soon as they had heard about it, **they** sent them to cover the news for their viewers.

Adapted from: BBC.CO

A-Comprehension: (8pts)

1) What is the type of the passage? It is: (0.5pt)

a) a report b) a story

2) In which paragraph is the following idea mentioned? "the consequences caused by the Tsunami were very important" (0.5pt)

c) a letter

- 3) Say whether the following statements are "true" or "false". (1.5pt)
 - a) Tsunami occurred in the South of Africa.
 - **b)** The disaster had caused a few victims and no damage.
 - c) The victims were of different nationalities?
- 4) Answer the following questions according to the text (4pts)
 - a) Where did the natural catastrophe occur?
 - **b)** Was it the first time?
 - **c)** What had the disaster caused?
 - d) Why was the 2004 Tsunami of great importance?
- 5) What or who do the underlined words refer to in the text. (1.5pts)

 It $(1^{st}\S) \longrightarrow \dots$ they $(2^{nd}\S) \longrightarrow \dots$ they $(4^{th}\S) \longrightarrow \dots$

B – <u>Text Exploration</u> : (7pts)		
1) Find in the text the synonyms of: (1pt)		(8.1) —
Casualties (§1) =		
Happened (§2) =	Harn	n (§2) =
2) Complete the following table: (1pts)		
Nouns	Verbs	Adjectives
	to cause	
	to help	
3)Complete sentence (b) so that means the	same as sentence (a). (2pts)
 a) "A terrible Earthquake happened in ch b) The reporter said that a) "We will send our rescuers to china to b) The prime minister says that a) A journalist "where did you take refug 	morrow" the prime n	ninister says.
b) The journalist asked.a) The earthquake has increased the sensb) The sense	_	
4) Correct the mistakes: [1pt]a) You 'd better to have a survival kit at b) you should not to take the elevator.	hand.	
 5) Reorder the following sentences to make a a) he immediately called the firemen b) John noticed the fire in the building c) they arrived at once and evacuated the 		

- d) as he was lying in his bed
- **6) Underline the silent letter.** (1pt)

know – solemn – whole – first.

Part Two: Writing

Choose one of the following topics:

Topic one: using the following notes write a paragraph about "2001 flood of Bab el Oued" November $10^{\text{th}}2001$.

- Violent storm
- Building and houses collapsed
- Many casualties (men-women young and old people).
- Quick arrival of rescues.
- Solidarity among Algerians.
- Foreign aid.
- Government program to reconstruct the town

<u>Topic two:</u> Write a paragraph about the safety measures that people should take before, during and after an earthquake.

Good Luck



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تصحيح اختبارات الفصل الثَّالث

A/Comprehension:

- 1) The passage is: a report.
- 2) paragraph 1.
- 3) True or false:
 - a-false.
 - **b-**true.
 - **c**-false.
- **3)** Answer the questions:
 - **a-**The natural catastrophe occurred in the South –East Asian shores.
 - **b-**No, it wasn't
 - **c**-Because its victims didn't belong to one nationality, they are from different religions and ethnic groups.
- 4) Reference words:

It: the natural phenomenon of tsunami.

They: people.

B / Text exploration:

1) Synonyms:

Casualities: victims. beaches: chores. Happened: occurred. harm: damage.

2) The table:

To cause: noun: cause adjective: caused, causable.

To help noun: help adjective: helpful.

- 3) Complete sentence « b »bso that it means the same as « a »
 - **A-**The reporter said that a terrible earthquake had happened in China the week before.
 - A- The prime minister says that they will send their rescuers to China tomorrow.
 - **A-A** journalist asked where he had taken refuge during the disaster.
 - **A-**The sense of neighbourlinees has been increased by the earthquake.

4) Correct the mistakes:

- 1-You 'd better have a kit survival at hand.
- **2-**You should not take the elevator.

5) Sentence order

b-d- -a -c or d -b -a-c

6) Silent letters

Know=solemen-whole=first¹

Know $\k \$ solemn $\n \$ whole $\w \$ first $\r \$

Written expression

Topic one form \2,5\ content \2.5\
Topic two form \3pts\ content\2pts\